

Cumulative Review *continued*
For use after Chapter 1

Plot the points in a coordinate plane and draw $\angle TUV$. Classify the angle. Then give the coordinates of a point that lies in the interior of the angle. (Lesson 1.4)

16. $T(-1, -2), U(1, 4), V(-2, 4)$

17. $T(0, 9), U(2, 0), V(6, -1)$

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary angles. Given the measure of $\angle 1$, find $m\angle 2$. (Lesson 1.5)

18. $m\angle 1 = 35^\circ$

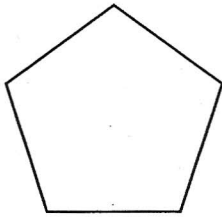
19. $m\angle 1 = 16^\circ$

20. $m\angle 1 = 80^\circ$

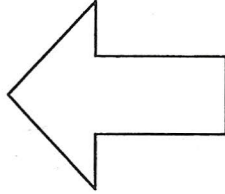
21. $m\angle 1 = 54^\circ$

Tell whether the figure is a polygon and whether it is *convex* or *concave*. (Lesson 1.6)

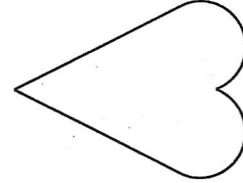
22.



23.

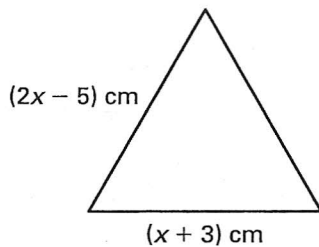


24.

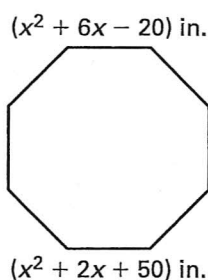


Each figure is a regular polygon. Find the value of x . (Lesson 1.6)

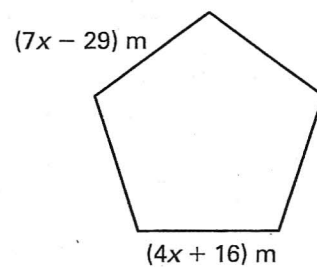
25.



26.



27.



Copy and complete the statement. (Lesson 1.7)

28. $15 \text{ m}^2 = \underline{\quad} \text{ cm}^2$

29. $50 \text{ ft}^2 = \underline{\quad} \text{ yd}^2$

30. $738 \text{ in.}^2 = \underline{\quad} \text{ ft}^2$

In Exercises 31–33, use the following information. (Lesson 1.7)

Pizza Pan A circular pizza pan has a diameter of 15 inches.

31. How many inches would be needed to enclose the outside of the pan with a cardboard strip?
32. How many square inches of pizza can be made in this pan?
33. Would a rectangular pan that measures 12 inches by 15 inches make a larger pizza? Explain your reasoning.